

ADDRESS TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

Marroquin Says Colombian People
Have Been Victims of an Un-
expected Aggression.

WAS A MILITARY MOVEMENT.

Proclamation of Panama's Inde-
pendence Was Not Result of Popular
Sentiment.

Bogota, Colombia, Nov. 21.—President Marroquin has made the following statement to the Associated Press, in response to questions as to the political situation in Colombia:

"United States Minister Beaupre and all Americans here are surrounded with every guarantee for their safety. My communications to the United States senate and to the people of the United States make manifest the attitude of my government on the Panama question. The situation in the interior of the Colombian republic is quiet."

President Marroquin's reference to his communication to the people of the United States is explained by the following address which he has given the correspondent of the Associated Press:

MARROQUIN'S ADDRESS.

"The president of Colombia, to the American people:
"The Colombian nation has been the victim of unexpected aggression and is in danger of losing the best part of its territory. A military movement, not popular sentiment, was the origin of the proclamation of the independence of Panama."

"The American government, which always has been held by Colombia to be its best friend and ally, prevented by marines, loyal militia from subjugating the traitors and checking the origin of the insubordination."

"The solemn treaty between Colombia and the United States, alluded to until the last moment by the American government, binds the United States not only to respect the sovereignty and ownership of the Panama isthmus by Colombia, but to help the latter maintain them. The proceedings of the United States marines on the isthmus and the American minister here are in open violation of that treaty."

"The isthmus of Panama, the most coveted part of the globe and the most precious part of our fatherland, always has been respected by the nations as a sacred trust confided by Colombia to the honor and power of the American people."

"The traditions of that great nation, the United States, as a mighty defender of rights and bearer of the standard of civilization before the world, always have been opposed to the cession of territories and the dismembering of nations. Non-recognition of the confederate states during the civil war confirms emphatically the application of this doctrine decisively at critical moments."

"The American people will not permit, I am sure, a violation of public treaties, thus denying their glorious traditions in order to obtain by force what Colombia is ready to concede through pacific and equitable ways. Colombia heartily wishes to strengthen

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the ties of friendship and commerce with the United States and give vigorous impulses to the common interests and to the greater power and glory of her oldest sister republic. But, the proceedings of the Washington government interfere, unhappily, with good feeling in both countries, being a barrier in the way of a higher enterprise advantageous not only to them but to humanity in general."

"The Colombian people, tranquil in the strength of right and being sure of the sentiments of justice and equity of the American people, appeal to the national conscience of the United States, which conscience constitutes a force superior by far to that of an army and navy, in order to save the honor and integrity of our territory."

"The Stars and Stripes, always dear to and respected by the republicans of both Americas, never shall be outraged or blenished in Colombia."
"No matter what the procedure of the government at Washington may be, the persons and the property of citizens of the United States here remain confident the traditional honor of the government and people of Colombia."
(Signed) "MARROQUIN."

Struggle for American Cardinal.

New York, Nov. 21.—A great struggle is going on, says a Rome dispatch to the Tribune, to have an American cardinal chosen at the next consistory. Sentiment is becoming more favorable toward Archbishop Ryan.

To Further Aerial Navigation.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—Future aerial navigators desiring to attain great altitudes will use hermetically sealed double-walled aluminum and glass cages, and before starting will put on oxygen masks, according to a prediction of Dr. Hermann Von Schroeter of Vienna, in a lecture before the Berlin society of aerial navigation. Dr. Von Schroeter maintains that the physiological disturbances in the upper atmosphere are due solely to lack of oxygen and he advised an early recourse to oxygen

inspiration before the bad effects of the poorer atmosphere are perceptible, calculating that the lungs receive less oxygen from pure oxygen in an airship at a height of 14 kilometers than from air at the surface, owing to the diminished pressure, and 50 per cent less at 19 kilometers, which necessitates inspiration under pressure. But this pressure is available only under certain restrictions, owing to disturbances of the blood, hence the prediction made by Dr. Von Schroeter.

Leonard S. Allen Dead.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Leonard S. Allen, formerly general passenger agent of the Seaboard Air line is dead at his home here, aged 53 years. Death was caused by dropsy. On account of ill-health, Mr. Allen resigned his position, which he had held for four years, in 1901, and since that time he had resided in Chicago.

Three Consumptives Cured.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—The use of Finlen rays for the cure of consumption is claimed to have worked three cures that are pronounced permanent and further experiments are said to show the beneficial effects of the treatment. Dr. Mary E. Jackson of Hammond, Ind., is testing the rays in case of tuberculosis and is said to have ended the disease in three patients.

Chamberlain's Policy Approved.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 21.—The Victoria board of trade last night passed resolutions endorsing Hon. Joseph Chamberlain's fiscal policy for the British empire.

Shamrock III's Steel Mast.

New York, Nov. 21.—The steel mast of the American cup challenger Shamrock, III, has been presented to the town of Cape May, N. J., to be used as a flag pole. It is 158 feet long. The gift was made by Capt. Barr, skipper of the defending yacht Reliance, he having bought the challenger for the materials it contained.

SPANISH RULE POORER IN RICO.

Commissioner Elliott in His An-
nual Report Arraigns it
Very Severely.

OUTLOOK FOR FUTURE DARK.

Coffee Industry Has Suffered Many
Vicissitudes, Only Hope Being in
United States.

Washington, Nov. 20.—A severe arraignment of the legacies of Spanish maladministration of Porto Rico is made in the annual report of William Elliott, commissioner of the interior for Porto Rico, made public at the interior department today. Mr. Elliott says it is a "pity" and a shame that during the four centuries preceding American occupation of the island so very little effort was made to open up communication; that so small a portion of the millions of dollars wrung from the people in impost should have been spent in the betterment of roads, for education or any other useful purpose.

Pompous officials came, ruled with vigor, tarried a little while and departed with a competency of ill-gotten gains, leaving the unhappy natives to labor and to suffer.

The economic value of the road extension work now in progress is demonstrated, he says, by a saving of from 50 to 70 per cent in the cost of transportation to and from the interior.

The report says that the policy of the mayors to remove the health officers of their towns seriously interferes with good sanitary condition and consequently the people, particularly the poor of many municipalities, suffer and die for want of proper attention. The next session of the legislative assembly is expected to remedy this evil.

The report says that coffee, since the leading export and source of wealth, has passed through many vicissitudes in the past decade; there has been very little new planting; there is no profit to planters of coffee at the present price and should prices go lower the situation will be distressing. The only hope held out is for possible demand from the United States.

LEMHI OPAL MINES.

Valuable Property in Idaho Owned by
Utah Parties.

The mere mention of an opal harrows up the lurking shadows of superstition which have been connected with this peculiar gem since its ancient discovery in Hungary. Until the recent discovery of opal rock in Lemhi county, Idaho, few, if any, of these jewels have ever been found within the boundaries of the United States. Idaho is noted for sensational discoveries of precious minerals and is always prepared to accept new and big things as a matter of course. It is probable that no exploration of this vast and undeveloped state has won from nature a more valuable reward than the great opal beds of Lemhi county.

Robert N. Bell, inspector of mines for the state of Idaho, gives the following account of the discovery of the gems:

"The Lemhi County opals occur in a belt of light gray trachyte lava, which is quite a contrast to the dark basic lava matrix of other deposits found in an important vein in the factor from the fact that the most precious opals in the world have been mined from dykes of igneous rock of the trachyte variety in the ancient mines of Hungary in Southern Europe."

"The history of the Lemhi deposit is quite interesting. The gems were first discovered 20 years ago at a point on Panther Creek in Prairie Basin, about six miles above Pocatello. The original discoverer was the late John Ramey, a veteran pioneer miner of Central Idaho, after whom Ramey Creek and Ramey Ridge in the Thunder Mountain country were named."

"Mr. Ramey, while making a short cut from the Yellow Jacket trail on Panther Creek diggings to Silver Creek noticed a large boulder of gray Lava sticking out of the steep side hill, and in the boulder was a streak or veinlet of opal gem stone a foot long and 4 of an inch thick, together with numerous spots and splinters of the gem material scattered promiscuously through the boulder. Mr. Ramey described his find as 'a blaze of sunset hues, caught up and transferred by what he took for a narrow band of ice running down the face of the boulder.' Investigation soon showed his mistake, and that the ice was as hard as glass, or transparent quartz that still retained a most beautiful play of colors when broken. He did not know what it was, but felt sure that a substance of such beauty must have some value, so he broke a lot of choice pieces of gem stone off the boulder, and took them to a 'brilliant student of natural phenomena' running a mine at Custer City, who pronounced the stones volcanic glass, and of no value unless they were found in large quantities, and near a glass works. That was nearly 20 years ago."

"In 1896 while making a trip to the True Blue Group of mines at Singletary, owned by Senator Shoup, I had to pass by Mr. Ramey's cabin on Silver Creek, and was courteously invited to stay over night. While discussing the pile of ore specimens and float rock lying on the ground at the corner of the cabin I noticed a pile of common blue opal, and called Mr. Ramey's attention to it, at the same time inquiring where it came from, and if there was not other varieties displaying different colors. He then related his experiences as given above, and said that I was the first man that had attached any importance to the find, and that he would send his son with me, and show me where and how the gem stone occurred. It proved that the finest opals to be found were in the original trachyte boulder discovered by Mr. Ramey. Other boulders were found scattered along the steep slopes of Panther Creek containing the gems, but we were unable to find the ledge, or dyke, from which they were derived owing to the fact that the surface of the country was covered with a deep accumulation of glacial boulders and debris."

"In breaking up the first boulder we took out 30 carats weight of the gems, and had them cut in Denver, and they produced some very beautiful sets; some of the choice ones, together with pieces of matrix were sent to Mr. Geo. F. Kuntz, the great gem expert, formerly of Tiffany, New York, and his detailed classification of the gems was subsequently published by him in the Sixteenth Annual Report of the United States Geological Survey. Mr. Kuntz lent quality, contained in a matrix of trachyte, and equal to some of the best stones found, worth from \$5 to \$10 per carat. When cut and polished they are semi-transparent, with a splendid display of rich red, green and violet fire, forming such a bright shiny blend and ever varying array of soft, lustrous colors as only a noble opal can."

Mr. W. L. Cook, and Judge Thomas

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS AND — OTHER

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or official names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

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